

PATENT
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TITLE OF THE INVENTION

Process for Manufacturing Industrial Detergents
and Components Thereof

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The invention relates to a process for manufacturing industrial detergents and industrial detergent components in granular or agglomerate form on a dry material basis in an essentially horizontally oriented fluidized bed.

It is known in the production of detergents or industrial detergent components to manufacture the respective individual components by spray drying or spray granulation and then to mix the so-manufactured individual components according to the formula. A unification of different individual particles does not occur with the mixing by this process.

It is disadvantageous that, depending on the quality of the mixing of the individual components, a more or less non-homogenous distribution of the different component results. During transport and in storage the components can easily become separated inside the packaging or container. Due to the large proportion of dust and the tendency toward separation, the quality of the detergent or detergent components is considerably worsened. This acts in a very disadvantageous manner, since in most cases these dusts are to be classified as harmful to health. Furthermore, with increasing particle sizes there exists an ever-increasing tendency toward dust explosions.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

An object of the invention is to develop a process for manufacturing industrial detergents and industrial detergent components in granular or agglomerate form on a dry basis, which distinguish themselves from the known granulates by a

homogenous composition of the granulate or agglomerate composed of the individual raw material components, including the binder and the moisture content, which have a high resistance to mechanical stresses, which are easily dispersible in water, and which are low in dust or almost dust-free.

5 The above object is achieved according to the invention by the process for manufacturing industrial detergents and industrial detergent components as a finished product in granulate or agglomerate form on a dry basis in an essentially horizontally oriented fluidized bed, comprising:

 a) performing different process steps, including heating,
10 agglomeration, coating, drying and cooling, for manufacturing the finished product in a single or multiple stage fluidized bed;

 b) supplying solid powdered starting material in a first process step to the fluidized bed in an area of fluidizing space;

 c) supplying process air to the different process steps from
15 beneath the fluidized bed, wherein a process temperature or supply temperature for agglomeration of the product is a function of a decomposition temperature of individual material components of the finished product and lies in a range of about 20 to 300°C, and the process air for cooling has a temperature lying in a range of about -20 to +30°C;

20 d) supplying a binder, water and/or one or more material components in the form of solutions, suspensions or melts to the solid in the fluidized bed in the area of the fluidizing space over an entire process range using a spray or injection system, wherein the dry portion in the spray medium comprises 0 to 100%;

 e) fluidizing the individual components in the area of the
25 fluidizing space to form a solid mixture comprising granulates of homogenous composition;

 f) reducing a flow speed of the process air supplied from below to the fluidizing space in an expansion zone located above the fluidizing space and formed by cross-sectional widenings, such that a pre-separation of particles

entrained from the fluidizing space and a return of the pre-separated particles into the fluidizing space occur; and

g) separating process dust with a dedusting mechanism in an integrated filter system adjoining above the expansion zone and returning the process dust to the fluidizing space. Advantageous embodiments of the process are set forth in dependent claims.

The manufacture of the product is accomplished by fluidized bed agglomeration / granulation in an essentially horizontally oriented fluidized bed. In the process, a binder and/or components in the form of solutions, suspensions, or melts are added to the solid material in the fluidized bed via an injection system. The binder content in the product can amount to about 1 to 35 mass percent. Through the energy introduced via the process air, drying and compacting of the agglomerate / granulate forming in the injection area of the fluidized bed occur. In this connection, the supply temperature of the process air is from about 20°C up to the decomposition temperature of the individual materials. By adjusting the drying parameters, the product moisture can be varied. Values starting at 0 mass percent upwards are possible depending on the liquid intake. The particles entrained by the process air from the fluidized bed, particularly the fine dust, are separated from the air in an expansion zone provided with cross-sectional widenings integrated in the fluidized bed apparatus and in a filter system connected to it, and are conveyed back into the fluidized bed and agglomerated there. A low-dust or dust-free product thereby results having a granularity range of about 0.2 to 2.0 mm.

The above-described process for manufacturing the end product is carried out in different process stages, for example heating up, agglomeration, coating, drying, and cooling, one after the other, in a single or multiple stage fluidized bed.

The advantage of the process according to the invention for manufacturing industrial detergents and industrial detergent components in granular or agglomerate form on a dry basis consists in that by the fluidization of the material in the fluidized bed, a uniformly homogenous composition of individual granules or

agglomerates results from the individual raw material components including the binders and the appropriate moisture. A separation of the components can thus no longer occur.

The granulate or agglomerate exhibits a unified quality. The
5 manufacture of the granules or agglomerate using fluidized bed agglomeration / granulation furthermore has the advantage that a solid, final product results having little rub-off and little dust, and which is easily dispersible in water.

A further advantage of the process according to the invention consists in that by the complete encapsulation of the process by carrying out the process guidance
10 in a single apparatus, a health risk by contact with the supplied dusts is prevented. In addition, the region of the dust explosion danger is reduced to the interior of the fluidized bed apparatus.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF SEVERAL VIEWS OF THE DRAWINGS

The foregoing summary, as well as the following detailed description of
15 the invention, will be better understood when read in conjunction with the appended drawing. For the purpose of illustrating the invention, there is shown in the drawing an embodiment which is presently preferred. It should be understood, however, that the invention is not limited to the precise arrangements and instrumentalities shown. In the drawing:

20 The sole figure is a cross-sectional schematic view through a fluidized bed granulation system for carrying out the process of the invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

The process for manufacturing industrial detergents and industrial
detergent components in granular or agglomerate form on a dry basis is accomplished
25 by fluidized bed agglomeration / granulation in a single or multiple stage fluidized bed granulation system, wherein the different process steps or stages for manufacturing the end product, such as heating, agglomeration, coating, drying and cooling, are performed in sequence in a fluidized bed 9.

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The powdered starting material is supplied via the solid material intake 2 and a cellular wheel sluice 12 as a pressure lock for enclosing the first process stage in the area of the fluidizing space II of the fluidized bed. Corresponding to the specific material conditions, the supplied material passes through the different process stages, such as heating, agglomeration, coating, drying and cooling. Process air 1 at different temperatures is supplied to the respective process stage via air supply chambers 10 and an air distribution plate 11 of the fluidized bed 9. The air supply chambers 10 and the air distribution plate 11 thereby form, as the upper boundary, the inflow section 1, in which the process air 1 is introduced into the fluidized bed II, distributed and homogenized.

The temperature of the process air 1 for the agglomeration of the product is a function of the decomposition temperature of the separately introduced material components and ranges, according to the material components, from about 20 to 300°C. The process air 1 for the cooling of the already granulated and dried material is supplied at the end of the process stages before the area of the product discharge 3. The temperature of the process air 1 for the cooling lies in the range of about -20 to +30°C and also depends on the individual material components in the final product. Thus, the optimal conditions for the process in the fluidized bed 9 are created by adjustment of the respective bed temperature.

The fluidizing space II is formed in its lower region by the air distribution plate 11 with essentially rectangular base area and by vertical to slightly inclined side walls. Here, the side walls of the fluidizing space II can be inclined up to a maximum of 10° from the vertical. In the fluidizing space II, which is flowed through by the process air 1 from the bottom to the top, the fluidized solid is located, which forms the fluidized bed 9. In the area of the fluidizing space II, a binder, water and/or one or more material components in the form of solutions, suspensions or melts are supplied to the solid material in the fluidized bed 9 over the entire process area using a spray or injection system 8. The dry material proportion in the spray medium amounts

to about 0 to 100%, while the binder proportion in the final product including the moisture amounts to about 1 to 35%.

The spray system 8 comprises a known single or multiple stage nozzle, wherein the injection direction can be accomplished from top to bottom, or vice versa, or at an angle. By the creation of the fluidizing space II and the supply of additional components via the spray system 8, a homogenous solid mixture results, wherein granulates are formed having a homogenous composition formed from the respective individual components.

Above the fluidizing space II is connected the expansion zone III, in which the flow speed of the process air 1 is reduced by cross-sectional widenings. The side walls of the expansion zone III exhibit a steep inclination of 15-45° to the vertical, so that a cross-sectional widening up to the connected filter system IV results. By the reduction of the flow speed of the process air 1, a pre-separation of particles entrained from the fluidizing space II occurs, which is conveyed back into the fluidizing space.

An integrated filter system IV is connected to the expansion zone III to remove the dust from the process air 1 and, at the same time, return the dust into the fluidized bed 9 located beneath it. The filter system IV comprises filter elements 7, which can be cleaned mechanically by the filter deduster 6 and/or by compressed air 5 in pulses. The use of other known filter elements is possible. With the integrated filter system IV, contact with the dusts is prevented, and the danger of dust explosion in the interior of the fluidized bed apparatus is reduced.

The cleaned process air leaves the system as exhaust air 4, while the finished product is likewise carried out from the system via a cellular wheel sluice 12 as a pressure lock via the product discharge 3.

The system can have added to it further equipment components, for example for suppression/reduction of explosions or for supporting the solid material movement, e.g. by vibrating devices.

The invention will now be illustrated in detail with reference to the following specific, non-limiting examples.

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10

5% water

15

25 % cooling

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In this Example, the process was carried out in a standard fluidized bed installation having the following dimensions:

Total fluidizing surface: 5 m^2

